JS 44 (Rev. 06/17)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS	ocket sheet. (in.i. harring)	, KONDON MENT THEN. O	777107	DEFENDANTS	-			-	
BOBBI LOMAS				COMMUNITY EDUCATION CENTERS, INC.					
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff DELAWARE (EXCEPTINUS, PLAINTIFF CASES) (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Sidney L. Gold, Esquire Sidney L. Gold & Assoc., P.C.				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant DELAWARE (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. Attorneys (If Known)					
1835 Market St., Suite 5 II. BASIS OF JURISDI			III. CI	TIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPA	1 PARTIES	Oham an "V" in	Om Par	G.u. Dt. weit
		ne nox (mix)		(For Diversity Cases Only)		LIARIES	and One Box fo	or Defenda	int)
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☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenshi	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citiz	en of Another State	2 🗇 2	Incorporated and I of Business In A		□ 5	□ 5
				en or Subject of a reign Country	3 🗇 3	Foreign Nation		□ 6	□ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT						here for: Nature			
CONTRACT ☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 360 Personal Injury Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer's w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer's w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	PERSONAL INJUR' 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury - Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPER 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITION Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	TY	DRFEITURE/PENALTY 15 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 10 Other Description of Property 21 USC 881 Other Description of Property 21 USC 881 Description of Pro	422 Appe 423 With 28 L PROPE 820 Copp 830 Pate 835 Pate New 840 Trad 862 Blac 863 DIW 864 SSID 865 RS1 (870 Taxe 870 Taxe 871 IRS 26 L	RTY RIGHTS Abbreviated Drug Application emark SECURITY (1395ff) k Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g))	375 False Cl 376 Qui Tan 3729(a) 400 State Re 410 Antitrus 430 Banks a 450 Comme 460 Deporta 470 Rackete Corrupt 480 Consum 490 Cable/S. 850 Securiti Exchan 890 Other St 891 Agricult 893 Environ Act 896 Arbitrat 896 Arbitrat 896 Arbitrat 897 Adrene	n (31 USC)) apportion: I apportion: I nd Banking ree tion er Influenc Organizati er Credit at TV ess/Common ge aututory Ac ural Acts mental Mat 1 of Inform ion strative Pro ion diew or App Decision tionality on	ment g ced and ions dities/ ctions tters nation occdure
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: VIII. RELATED CASI	Cite the U.S. Civil Sta ADEA, ADA, FML Brief description of ca CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2:	Appellate Court tute under which you ar A, PHRA use: IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	e filing (1	EMAND \$	r District utes unless di	6 Multidistr Litigation Transfer versity):	if demanded in	Multidis Litigatio Direct Fil complaii	on - le
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JS 44 Reverse (Rev. 06/17)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a)** Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
 - (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
 - (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below. United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box. Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

 Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.
 - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket.

PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7. Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statue.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P. Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction. Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

Case 2:17-cv-033567811160 Spactresents 1 Trailer 1 Co 1/27/117 Page 3 of 20

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA - DESIGNATION FORM to be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of

assignment to appropriate calenc	lar.				
Address of Plaintiff: 101 East El	bon Road, Parkside, PA 19015				
Address of Defendant: 500 Cheyney Road, Thornton, PA 19373					
Place of Accident, Incident or Tran	saction: 500 Cheyney Road, Thornton, PA 19373 (Use Reverse Side For A	ldditional Space)			
Does this civil action involve a non	governmental corporate party with any parent corporation a	nd any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock?			
(Attach two copies of the Disclos	ure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a)	Yes□ No X			
Does this case involve multidistrict	litigation possibilities?	Yes□ No X			
RELATED CASE, IF ANY:					
Case Number:	Judge Berle M. Schiller	Date Terminated:			
Civil cases are deemed related when	n yes is answered to any of the following questions:				
Is this case related to property in	ncluded in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one ye	ear previously terminated action in this court?			
		Yes□ NoX			
2. Does this case involve the same action in this court?	issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior s	uit pending or within one year previously terminated			
		Yes□ No X			
	ity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier i				
terminated action in this court?		Yes□ NoX			
4. Is this case a second or successive	ve habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil right	s case filed by the same individual?			
		Yes□ No X			
CIVIL: (Place ✓ in ONE CATEGO	PRY ONLY)				
A. Federal Question Cases:	Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts	B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases:1. □ Insurance Contract and Other Contracts			
2. □ FELA	raine Contract, and An Other Contracts	□ Airplane Personal Injury			
3. □ Jones Act-Personal In	inry	3. □ Assault, Defamation			
4. □ Antitrust	yu. y	4. □ Marine Personal Injury			
5. □ Patent		5. Motor Vehicle Personal Injury			
6. □ Labor-Management R	elations	6. □ Other Personal Injury (Please specify)			
7. X Civil Rights		7. □ Products Liability			
8. □ Habeas Corpus		8. □ Products Liability — Asbestos			
9. □ Securities Act(s) Case	28	9. □ All other Diversity Cases			
10. □ Social Security Review		(Please specify)			
•	11. All other Federal Question Cases				
(Please specify)					
	ARBITRATION CERT	IFICATION			
Sidney L. Gold, Esquire		(Check Appropriate Category)			
X Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 5	, counsel of record do hereby certif	y: pelief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of			
\$150,000.00 exclusive of interest ar	nd costs;	the damages recoverable in this eight action case exceed the sunit of			
X Relief other than monetary d					
DATE:July 27, 2017	/s/Sidney L. Gold, Esquire	21374			
	Attorney-at-Law	Attorney I.D.#			
	NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if the	re has been compliance with F.R.C.P. 38.			
	ne within case is not related to any case now pending or	within one year previously terminated action in this court			
except as noted above.	0 1 6/8/day 1 0/4 5				
DATE: July 27, 2017	/s/ Sidney L. Gold, Esquire	21374			
	Attorney-at-Law	Attorney l.D.#			

CIV. 609 (5/2012)

Case 2:17-cv-03356 Procure put trailed @ 1/27/117 Page 4 of 20

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA — DESIGNATION FORM to be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to appropriate calendar.

assignment to appropriate calendar.					
Address of Plaintiff: 101 East Elbon Road, Parkside, PA 19015					
Address of Defendant: 500 Cheyney Road, Thornton, PA 19373					
Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: 500 Chevney Road, Thornton, PA 19373 (Use Reverse Side For Additional Space)					
Does this civil action involve a nongovern	mental corporate party with any parent corporation	and any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock?			
(Attach two copies of the Disclosure Sta	tement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7,1(a))) Yes□ No X			
Does this case involve multidistrict litigat	on possibilities?	Yes□ No X			
RELATED CASE, IF ANY:					
Case Number: <u>17-3333</u>	Judge Berle M. Schiller	Date Terminated:			
Civil cases are deemed related when yes is	answered to any of the following questions:				
1. Is this case related to property included	in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one y	rear previously terminated action in this court?			
		Yes□ NoX			
2. Does this case involve the same issue of action in this court?	f fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior	suit pending or within one year previously terminated			
action in this court.		Yes□ NoX			
3. Does this case involve the validity or in	fringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier	numbered case pending or within one year previously			
terminated action in this court?		Yes□ NoX			
4. Is this case a second or successive habo	eas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil righ	nts case filed by the same individual?			
		Yes□ No X			
CIVIL: (Place ✓ in ONE CATEGORY O	NLY)				
A. Federal Question Cases:		B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases:			
	e Contract, and All Other Contracts	1. ☐ Insurance Contract and Other Contracts			
2. □ FELA		2. ☐ Airplane Personal Injury			
3. □ Jones Act-Personal Injury		3. ☐ Assault, Defamation			
4. □ Antitrust		4. ☐ Marine Personal Injury			
5. □ Patent		5. Motor Vehicle Personal Injury (Blaces area if i)			
6. □ Labor-Management Relation	ons	6. □ Other Personal Injury (Please specify)			
7. X Civil Rights		7. Products Liability			
8. □ Habeas Corpus9. □ Securities Act(s) Cases		8. □ Products Liability — Asbestos9. □ All other Diversity Cases			
` '	200				
10. □ Social Security Review Car11. □ All other Federal Question		(Please specify)			
(Please specify)					
	ARBITRATION CERT	TIFICATION			
Sidney L. Gold, Esquire		(Check Appropriate Category)			
X Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, S	counsel of record do hereby cert ection 3(c)(2), that to the best of my knowledge and	ity: belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of			
\$150,000,00 exclusive of interest and cos					
X Relief other than monetary damage	/s/Sidney L. Gold, Esquire	21374			
DATE: <u>July 27, 2017</u>	Attorney-at-Law	Attorney I.D.#			
NO	TE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if th	·			
I certify that, to my knowledge, the with	nin case is not related to any case now pending or	r within one year previously terminated action in this court			
except as noted above.					
DATE:July 27, 2017	/s/ Sidney L. Gold, Esquire	21374			
7	Attorney-at-Law	Attorney I D #			

CIV, 609 (5/2012)

IN THE- UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM

BOBBI LOMAS		CIVIL ACTIO	N
COMMUNITY EDUCATION	CENTERS, INC.	NO.	
for plaintiff shall complete a c time of filing the complaint ar on the reverse side of this for regarding said designation, the court and serve on the plaintiff	Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Places Management Track Designation Formed serve a copy on all defendants. (See § m.) In the event that a defendant does not at defendant shall, with its first appearant and all other parties, a case management that defendant believes the case should be	m in all civil case 1:03 of the plan set agree with the ce, submit to the at track designation	es at the set forth plaintiff clerk of
SELECT ONE OF THE FO	LLOWING CASE MANAGEMENT T	RACKS:	
(8	a) Habeas Corpus Cases brought under 2 § 2241 through §2255.	8 U.S.C.	()
	 Social Security - Cases requesting revie decision of the Secretary of Health and I Services denying plaintiff Social Security 	Human	()
(0	c) Arbitration Cases required to be designarbitration under Local Civil Rule 53.2.	nated for	()
(1	c) Asbestos Cases involving claims for pointing or property damage from exposure asbestos.		()
(1	d) Special Management Cases that do no tracks (a) through (d) that are commonly to as complex and that need special or ir management by the court. (See reverse this form for a detailed explanation of sp management cases.)	referred ntense side of	()
(e) Standard Management Cases that do a any one of the other tracks.	not fall into	(\times)
07/27/2017		SIDNEY L. GOLD, E	SQUIRE
Date		ney-at-law SSIDNEY L. GOLD. I Corney for Pla	

Wiy .. 66017195

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

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:	CIVIL ACTION NO
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COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT:

- 1. This is an action for an award of damages, declaratory and injunctive relief, attorney's fees and other relief on behalf of Plaintiff, Bobbi Lomas ("Plaintiff Lomas"), a former employee of Defendant, Community Education Centers, Inc. ("Defendant"), who has been harmed by the Defendant's discriminatory and retaliatory employment practices.
- 2. This action is brought under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, ("ADEA"), 29 U.S.C. §621 et seq., the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"), 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq., the Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. §2601, et seq. ("FMLA"), and the Pennsylvania Human Relations Act ("PHRA"), 43 P.S. §951 et seq.

II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE:

- 3. The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked, and venue is proper in this district, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§1331 and 1391 as Plaintiff Lomas' claims are substantively based on the ADA, ADEA, and FMLA.
- 4. The supplemental jurisdiction of this Court is invoked pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367 to consider Plaintiff Lomas' claims arising under the PHRA.
- 5. All conditions precedent to the institution of this suit have been fulfilled and Plaintiff Lomas has satisfied all other jurisdictional prerequisites to the maintenance of this action.

III. PARTIES:

- 6. Plaintiff, Bobbi Lomas ("Plaintiff Lomas"), is a sixty-four (64) year old female individual and citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, residing therein at 101 East Elbon Road, Parkside, Pennsylvania 19015.
- 7. Defendant, Community Education Centers, Inc. ("Defendant"), is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, maintaining a place of business located at 500 Cheyney Road, Thornton, Pennsylvania 19373.
- 8. At all times relevant hereto, Defendant was acting through its agents, servants, and employees, who were acting within the scope of their authority, course of employment, and under the direct control of the Defendant.

- 9. At all times material herein, the Defendant has been a "person" and "employer" as defined by the ADEA, ADA, FMLA, and PHRA, and has been, and is, subject to the provisions of each said Act.
- 10. Upon information and belief, at all times material hereto, the Defendant employed twenty (20) or more employees for each working day in each of twenty or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year.
- 11. At all times relevant hereto, Plaintiff Lomas was an "employee" within the meaning of the ADEA, ADA, and PHRA. Furthermore, Plaintiff Lomas was an "eligible employee" as defined under the FMLA and was entitled to the protection of the provisions of said Act.

IV. STATEMENT OF FACTS:

- 12. Plaintiff Lomas, a sixty-four (64) year old female, was employed by the Defendant from on or about November 29, 2009 until on or about October 24, 2013, the date of her unlawful termination.
- 13. During the course of her employment with Defendant, Plaintiff Lomas held the position of Registered Nurse. At all times relevant hereto, Plaintiff Lomas maintained an excellent job performance rating in said capacity.
- 14. By way of background, Plaintiff Lomas suffers from Degenerative Disc

 Disease and Sacral Fractures. Said medical conditions constitute disabilities within the

 meanings of the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA") and the Pennsylvania Human

Relations Act ("PHRA") in that they substantially impair one or more of Plaintiff Lomas' major life activities, including, but not limited to, standing and bending. Said medical conditions also constitute "serious health conditions" within the meaning of the Family Medical Leave Act ("FMLA") in that they are chronic conditions that involves periods of incapacity, absences from work, and continuing treatment by a health care provider.

- 15. By way of further background, in or about July of 2012, Defendant hired Natalie Smith ("Smith") for the position of Health Services Administrator. Thereafter, Plaintiff Lomas began reporting directly to Smith.
- 16. Following Smith's hire, Defendant, through its agents, servants, and employees, including, but not limited to, Smith, began subjecting Plaintiff Lomas to discrimination based on her actual and/or perceived disabilities and/or record of impairment (Degenerative Disc Disease, Sacral Fractures) and age (64).
- 17. By way of example, Smith exhibited overt hostility toward Plaintiff Lomas and other employees over the age of forty (40) including, but not limited to, Laura Maturo ("Maturo"), Pharmacy Coordinator, Tom Freel ("Freel"), Chronic Care Nurse, and Paul Ren ("Ren"), Registered Nurse, and unjustifiably criticized their job performance. Additionally, Smith demanded that said employees perform a disproportionate amount of work and required them to perform tasks beyond their job descriptions. Notably, Smith did not subject similarly-situated, significantly younger individuals to similar treatment.

- 18. As further discrimination, Smith questioned Plaintiff Lomas regarding her retirement plans and repeatedly asked when Plaintiff Lomas intended to retire. In response thereto, Plaintiff Lomas informed Smith that she intended to continue to work indefinitely and that she had no plans to retire. Furthermore, when the Plaintiff Lomas registered for an online course to further her education, Smith sneered, "aren't you too old to go back to school?" thereby evidencing her discriminatory animus against Plaintiff Lomas based on her age.
- 19. Furthermore, Smith regularly made disparaging comments regarding Plaintiff Lomas' disability. By way of elaboration, Smith commented that Plaintiff Lomas appeared "frail" and attributed said erroneous perception to Plaintiff Lomas' disability. Furthermore, Smith interrogated Plaintiff Lomas regarding her health and regularly insinuated that she was too ill to perform her job responsibilities. Smith's remarks directly evidence her discriminatory animus against Plaintiff Lomas based on her disability.
- 20. Additionally, Smith regularly held Plaintiff Lomas accountable for various issues over which she had no control and instructed her to complete tasks only to reprimand her for doing the same. By way of example, Smith held Plaintiff Lomas accountable for the whereabouts of all HIV medication, despite the fact that Plaintiff Lomas did not access said mediations. Furthermore, Smith held Plaintiff Lomas accountable for the intake process of mid-level practitioners, a responsibility of the

Medical Director. Notably, Smith did not subject similarly-situated, significantly younger, non-disabled individuals to similar treatment.

- 21. In or about April, May, and June of 2013, Plaintiff Lomas registered complaints of discrimination with Cameron Lindsey ("Lindsey"), Warden, Bruce Sinclair ("Sinclair"), Supervisor, and Linda Pansulla ("Pansulla"), Director of Medical Operations. However, said individuals failed to conduct an investigation or otherwise take steps to cause the discriminatory conduct to cease.
- 22. On or about July 11, 2013, Smith demanded that Plaintiff Lomas assist with an inmate cell extraction. During said extraction, Plaintiff Lomas was exposed to a substantial amount of highly potent pepper spray which caused Plaintiff Lomas to uncontrollably cough. Notably, Defendant failed to provide Plaintiff Lomas with the proper safety equipment for exposure to said pepper spray.
- 23. On or about July 12, 2013, Plaintiff Lomas visited her physician and was diagnosed with re-aggravation of her Degenerative Disc Disease. As a result thereof, Plaintiff Lomas requested a temporary modified work schedule as a reasonable accommodation for her disability. For the following several days, Plaintiff Lomas attempted to work several hours per day, despite suffering from excruciating pain.
- 24. On or about July 19, 2013, as a result of continued symptoms associated with her disability, Plaintiff Lomas requested a brief medical leave of absence pursuant to

the Family and Medical Leave Act ("FMLA") as a reasonable accommodation for her disability, and commenced said leave of absence.

- with a Thoracic Herniated Disc and Partial Deafness. Notably, Plainiff Lomas' Partial Deafness resulted from severe sinus and ear infections arising from her exposure to the aforementioned pepper spray. Said medical conditions constitute disabilities within the meanings of the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA") and the Pennsylvania Human Relations Act ("PHRA") in that they substantially impair one or more of Plaintiff Lomas' major life activities, including, but not limited to, standing, bending, and hearing. Said medical conditions also constitute "serious health conditions" within the meaning of the Family Medical Leave Act ("FMLA") in that they are conditions that involves periods of incapacity, absences from work, and continuing treatment by a health care provider.
- 26. Thereafter, Defendant began retaliating against Plaintiff Lomas for requesting a reasonable accommodation for her disabilities and utilizing medical leave pursuant to the FMLA.
- 27. By way of example, on or about August 1, 2013, Plaintiff Lomas' physician informed Plaintiff Lomas that Defendant had contacted him by telephone. During said conversation, Defendant interrogated Plaintiff Lomas' physician regarding Plaintiff Lomas' disabilities and insisted that he provide written instructions permitting Plaintiff

Lomas to return to work. Plaintiff Lomas' physician refused to do so, as Plaintiff Lomas was medically unable to return to work at that time.

- 28. By way of further example, on or about August 2, 2013, while Plaintiff
 Lomas was on medical leave, Smith abruptly issued to her an unjustified written
 disciplinary warning, allegedly based on "absences" during the week following the
 pepper spray incident. Curiously, Plaintiff Lomas was not absent from work, but rather
 requested a modified work schedule as a reasonable accommodation for her disabilities.
 Furthermore, Defendant granted Plaintiff Lomas' requests for the same.
- 29. As further evidence of Smith's discriminatory and retaliatory animus, on or about August 1, 2013, immediately following the Defendant's unlawful termination of Maturo, an individual who was on a medical leave of absence pursuant to the FMLA at the time of her termination, Smith held a department meeting during which she informed all employees that no one was permitted to utilize FMLA leave.
- 30. Furthermore, on or about August 28, 2013, Defendant sent a letter to Plaintiff Lomas stating that Defendant would terminate her employment if she could not return to work by October 12, 2013, thereby evidencing Defendant's refusal to engage in the interactive process with Plaintiff Lomas.
- 31. On or about September 20, 2013, Plaintiff Lomas provided the Defendant with a note from her physician releasing her to return to work with temporary restrictions. Specifically, Plaintiff Lomas' physician instructed her to avoid slippery floors and

exposure to irritant aerosol sprays and to refrain from lifting heavy objects. Plaintiff
Lomas requested that Defendant accommodate said restrictions as a reasonable
accommodation for her disabilities.

- 32. In response thereto, Defendant flatly denied Plaintiff Lomas' request for a reasonable accommodation and refused to allow her to return to work. Furthermore, the Defendant informed Plaintiff Lomas that she could only return to work when she could work without restrictions, thereby refusing to accommodate Plaintiff Lomas. Notably, Defendant provided similar accommodations to similarly-situated, non-disabled individuals.
- 33. On or about October 23, 2013, Plaintiff Lomas testified at Maturo's unemployment hearing and corroborated Maturo's allegations of age and disability discrimination.
- 34. On or about October 24, 2013, in a blatant act of retaliation, Defendant terminated Plaintiff Lomas' employment, allegedly based on her failure to return to work by October 12, 2013 without restrictions.
- 35. Plaintiff Lomas believes and avers that her termination was based on her actual and/or perceived disabilities and/or record of impairment (Degenerative Disc Disease, Thoracic Herniated Disc) and/or age (64) and/or in retaliation for requesting a reasonable accommodation for her disabilities and/or opposing unlawful discrimination in the workplace.

(ADA - Disability Discrimination and Retaliation) Plaintiff Lomas v. the Defendant

- 36. Plaintiff Lomas incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 35 of her Complaint as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 37. The actions of the Defendant, through its agents, servants and employees, in subjecting Plaintiff Lomas to discrimination on the basis of her actual and/or perceived disability and/or record of impairment (Degenerative Disc Disease, Sacral Fractures, Thoracic Herniated Disc, Hearing Loss), and retaliation for requesting a reasonable accommodation for her disability and/or opposing unlawful disability discrimination in the workplace, constituted violations of the ADA.
- 38. As a direct result of the aforesaid unlawful discriminatory and retaliatory employment practices engaged in by the Defendant in violation of the ADA, Plaintiff Lomas sustained permanent and irreparable harm, resulting in the loss of her employment, which caused her to sustain a loss of earnings, plus the value of certain benefits, plus loss of future earning power, plus back pay, and front pay and interest due thereon.
- 39. As a further direct result of the aforesaid unlawful discriminatory and retaliatory employment practices engaged in by the Defendant in violation of the ADA, Plaintiff Lomas suffered severe emotional distress, embarrassment, humiliation, and loss of self-esteem.

(ADEA - Age Discrimination and Retaliation) Plaintiff Lomas v. Defendant

- 40. Plaintiff Lomas incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 39 of her Complaint as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 41. The actions of the Defendant, through its agents, servants and employees, in subjecting Plaintiff Lomas to discrimination on the basis of her age (64) and retaliating against her for opposing unlawful age discrimination in the workplace, and in knowing or showing reckless disregard for whether its conduct was prohibited by statute, constituted willful violations of the ADEA.
- 42. As a direct result of the aforesaid unlawful discriminatory and retaliatory employment practices engaged in by the Defendant in violation of the ADEA, Plaintiff Lomas sustained permanent and irreparable harm, resulting in the loss of her employment, which caused her to sustain a loss of earnings, plus the value of certain benefits, plus loss of future earning power, plus back pay, and front pay and interest due thereon.

COUNT III

(PHRA - Disability Discrimination, Age Discrimination and Retaliation) Plaintiff Lomas v. the Defendant

43. Plaintiff Lomas incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 42 of her Complaint as though fully set forth at length herein.

- 44. The actions of the Defendant, through its agents, servants and employees, in subjecting Plaintiff Lomas to discrimination on the basis of her actual and/or perceived disability and/or record of impairment (Degenerative Disc Disease, Sacral Fractures, Thoracic Herniated Disc, Hearing Loss) and/or age (64), and retaliating against her for requesting a reasonable accommodation for her disabilities and/or opposing unlawful age and disability discrimination in the workplace, constituted violations of the PHRA.
- 45. As a direct result of the aforesaid unlawful discriminatory and retaliatory employment practices engaged in by the Defendant in violation of the PHRA, Plaintiff Lomas sustained permanent and irreparable harm, resulting in the loss of her employment, which caused her to sustain a loss of earnings, plus the value of certain benefits, plus loss of future earning power, plus back pay, and front pay and interest due thereon.
- 46. As a further direct result of the aforesaid unlawful discriminatory and retaliatory employment practices engaged in by the Defendant in violation of the PHRA, Plaintiff Lomas suffered severe emotional distress, embarrassment, humiliation, and loss of self-esteem.

COUNT IV (FMLA Retaliation) Plaintiff Lomas v. the Defendant

47. Plaintiff Lomas incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 46 of her Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

- 48. The actions of the Defendant as set forth herein, including, *inter alia*, terminating Plaintiff Lomas' employment, were retaliatory and in retribution for Plaintiff Lomas' legitimate exercise of her rights under the FMLA.
- 49. The aforesaid actions of the Defendant were willful, malicious, wanton, in bad faith and in reckless disregard of Plaintiff Lomas' rights.
- 50. As a direct result of the willful, wanton, reckless, careless and negligent acts of the Defendant, as aforesaid, Plaintiff Lomas has suffered a loss of earnings, plus the value of certain benefits, plus loss of future earning power, plus back pay, front pay and interest due thereon.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

51. Plaintiff Lomas incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 50 of her Complaint as though fully set forth at length herein.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Lomas requests that this Court enter judgment in her favor and against the Defendant, and Order that:

- a. Defendant compensate Plaintiff Lomas with a rate of pay and other benefits and emoluments of employment to which she would have been entitled had she not been subjected to unlawful discrimination;
- b. Defendant compensate Plaintiff Lomas with an award of front pay, if appropriate;
- c. Defendant pay to Plaintiff Lomas punitive damages, liquidated damages, compensatory damages for future pecuniary losses, pain, suffering, inconvenience, mental anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, and other nonpecuniary losses as allowable;

- d. Defendant pay to Plaintiff Lomas pre and post judgment interest, costs of suit and attorney and expert witness fees as allowed by law;
 - e. The Court award such other relief as is deemed just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff Lomas demands trial by jury.

SIDNEY L. GOLD & ASSOC., P.C.

By: /s/ Sidney L. Gold, Esquire SIDNEY L. GOLD, ESQUIRE

I.D. No.: 21374

1835 Market Street, Suite 515

Philadelphia, PA 19103

(215) 569-1999

Attorneys for Plaintiff

DATED: July 27, 2017

VERIFICATION

I hereby verify that the statements contained in this Complaint are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief. I understand that false statements herein are made subject to the penalties of Title 18 Pa. C.S.A. §4904, relating to unsworn falsification to authorities.

DATE: 7/24/17

BOBBI LOMAS, PLAINTIFF